

BILL START RECORDING

HW06 Solutions

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Give a CFG for the following.

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 1 \pmod{3}\}$.

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 1 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBT$

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 1 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBT$

$T \rightarrow BaBaBaBT \mid e$

Problem 1a, 1b

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBaBaBS \mid e$

$S \rightarrow B$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Give a CFG for the following.

$\{w: \#_a(w) \equiv 1 \pmod{3}\}$.

$S \rightarrow BaBT$

$T \rightarrow BaBaBaBT \mid e$

$B \rightarrow bB \mid e$

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

1) The letters are in the wrong order:

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

1) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

1) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

1) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$ (we do this one)

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$ (we do this one)

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 > n_2\}$.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$ (we do this one)

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 > n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 < n_2\}$.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$ (we do this one)

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 > n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 < n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 > n_2\}$.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$ (we do this one)

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 > n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 < n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 > n_2\}$.

$\{a^* b^{n_1} c^{n_2} : n_1 < n_2\}$.

Problem 2

Give a context free grammar for $\overline{\{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}}$.

If $w \notin \{a^n b^n c^n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ then either

I) The letters are in the wrong order:

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ba\{a, b, c\}^*$, or (We do this one)

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* cb\{a, b, c\}^*$, or

$w \in \{a, b, c\}^* ca\{a, b, c\}^*$.

II) Letters in the correct order but number of letters wrong.

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$ (we do this one)

$\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 > n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 < n_2\}$.

$\{a^{n_1} b^* c^{n_2} : n_1 > n_2\}$.

$\{a^* b^{n_1} c^{n_2} : n_1 < n_2\}$.

$\{a^* b^{n_1} c^{n_2} : n_1 > n_2\}$.

Problem 2

To solve this problem you would do 9 CFG's for the 9 sets in the last slide.

Problem 2

To solve this problem you would do 9 CFG's for the 9 sets in the last slide.

You would have the i th one use start symbol S_i .

Problem 2

To solve this problem you would do 9 CFG's for the 9 sets in the last slide.

You would have the i th one use start symbol S_i .

Then the CFG is the union of those 9 CFGS along with start symbol S and the rule

Problem 2

To solve this problem you would do 9 CFG's for the 9 sets in the last slide.

You would have the i th one use start symbol S_i .

Then the CFG is the union of those 9 CFGS along with start symbol S and the rule

$$S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2 \mid S_3 \mid S_4 \mid S_5 \mid S_6 \mid S_7 \mid S_8 \mid S_9$$

Problem 2

To solve this problem you would do 9 CFG's for the 9 sets in the last slide.

You would have the i th one use start symbol S_i .

Then the CFG is the union of those 9 CFGS along with start symbol S and the rule

$$S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2 \mid S_3 \mid S_4 \mid S_5 \mid S_6 \mid S_7 \mid S_8 \mid S_9$$

We show grammars for one of the 9 sets. The rest are either similar or very easy.

Out of Order!

We show a CFG for $\{a, b, c\}^*ba\{a, b, c\}^*$

Out of Order!

We show a CFG for $\{a, b, c\}^*ba\{a, b, c\}^*$

$S \rightarrow XbaX$

Out of Order!

We show a CFG for $\{a, b, c\}^*ba\{a, b, c\}^*$

$$S \rightarrow XbaX$$
$$X \rightarrow aX \mid bX \mid cX \mid \epsilon$$

The Count is Wrong!

We show a CFG for CFG for $\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$

The Count is Wrong!

We show a CFG for CFG for $\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$

$S \rightarrow aXbbBC$

The Count is Wrong!

We show a CFG for CFG for $\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$

$$S \rightarrow aXbbBC$$
$$X \rightarrow aXb \mid \epsilon$$

The Count is Wrong!

We show a CFG for CFG for $\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$

$$S \rightarrow aXbbBC$$
$$X \rightarrow aXb \mid \epsilon$$
$$S \rightarrow bBC$$
$$B \rightarrow bB \mid \epsilon$$

The Count is Wrong!

We show a CFG for CFG for $\{a^{n_1} b^{n_2} c^* : n_1 < n_2\}$

$$S \rightarrow aXbbBC$$
$$X \rightarrow aXb \mid \epsilon$$
$$S \rightarrow bBC$$
$$B \rightarrow bB \mid \epsilon$$
$$C \rightarrow cC \mid \epsilon$$

Problem 3a

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

$G_1 = (N_1, \Sigma, R_1, S_1)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_1)$. $|R_1| \leq f(|\alpha_1|)$.

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

$G_1 = (N_1, \Sigma, R_1, S_1)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_1)$. $|R_1| \leq f(|\alpha_1|)$.

$G_2 = (N_2, \Sigma, R_2, S_2)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_2)$. $|R_2| \leq f(|\alpha_2|)$.

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

$G_1 = (N_1, \Sigma, R_1, S_1)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_1)$. $|R_1| \leq f(|\alpha_1|)$.

$G_2 = (N_2, \Sigma, R_2, S_2)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_2)$. $|R_2| \leq f(|\alpha_2|)$.

$G = (N_1 \cup N_2, \Sigma, R_1 \cup R_2 \cup \{S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2\}, S)$.

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

$G_1 = (N_1, \Sigma, R_1, S_1)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_1)$. $|R_1| \leq f(|\alpha_1|)$.

$G_2 = (N_2, \Sigma, R_2, S_2)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_2)$. $|R_2| \leq f(|\alpha_2|)$.

$G = (N_1 \cup N_2, \Sigma, R_1 \cup R_2 \cup \{S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2\}, S)$.

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

$G_1 = (N_1, \Sigma, R_1, S_1)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_1)$. $|R_1| \leq f(|\alpha_1|)$.

$G_2 = (N_2, \Sigma, R_2, S_2)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_2)$. $|R_2| \leq f(|\alpha_2|)$.

$G = (N_1 \cup N_2, \Sigma, R_1 \cup R_2 \cup \{S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2\}, S)$.

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

Note that $|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3$.

Problem 3a

4) If $\alpha = (\alpha_1 \cup \alpha_2)$ then

$G_1 = (N_1, \Sigma, R_1, S_1)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_1)$. $|R_1| \leq f(|\alpha_1|)$.

$G_2 = (N_2, \Sigma, R_2, S_2)$: CFG for $L(\alpha_2)$. $|R_2| \leq f(|\alpha_2|)$.

$G = (N_1 \cup N_2, \Sigma, R_1 \cup R_2 \cup \{S \rightarrow S_1 \mid S_2\}, S)$.

$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$

Note that $|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3$.

See next slide for exciting finish!

Problem 3a

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

$$f(n) \leq f(n_1) + f(n_2) + 1 \text{ where } n = n_1 + n_2 + 3.$$

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

$$f(n) \leq f(n_1) + f(n_2) + 1 \text{ where } n = n_1 + n_2 + 3.$$

Assume $f(n) = An + B$ and solve for A, B

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

$$f(n) \leq f(n_1) + f(n_2) + 1 \text{ where } n = n_1 + n_2 + 3.$$

Assume $f(n) = An + B$ and solve for A, B

$$An + B \leq An_1 + B + An_2 + B + 1 = A(n_1 + n_2) + 2B + 1$$

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

$$f(n) \leq f(n_1) + f(n_2) + 1 \text{ where } n = n_1 + n_2 + 3.$$

Assume $f(n) = An + B$ and solve for A, B

$$An + B \leq An_1 + B + An_2 + B + 1 = A(n_1 + n_2) + 2B + 1$$

$$An + B \leq A(n_1 + n_2 + 3) - 3A + 2B + 1 = An - 3A + 2B + 1.$$

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

$$f(n) \leq f(n_1) + f(n_2) + 1 \text{ where } n = n_1 + n_2 + 3.$$

Assume $f(n) = An + B$ and solve for A, B

$$An + B \leq An_1 + B + An_2 + B + 1 = A(n_1 + n_2) + 2B + 1$$

$$An + B \leq A(n_1 + n_2 + 3) - 3A + 2B + 1 = An - 3A + 2B + 1.$$

$$B \leq -3A + 2B + 1.$$

Problem 3a

$$f(|\alpha|) \leq f(|\alpha_1|) + f(|\alpha_2|) + 1$$

$$|\alpha| = |\alpha_1| + |\alpha_2| + 3.$$

Want to solve the recurrence

$$f(n) \leq f(n_1) + f(n_2) + 1 \text{ where } n = n_1 + n_2 + 3.$$

Assume $f(n) = An + B$ and solve for A, B

$$An + B \leq An_1 + B + An_2 + B + 1 = A(n_1 + n_2) + 2B + 1$$

$$An + B \leq A(n_1 + n_2 + 3) - 3A + 2B + 1 = An - 3A + 2B + 1.$$

$$B \leq -3A + 2B + 1.$$

$$3A \leq B + 1$$

Take $A = 1$ and $B = 3$. SO $f(n) = n + 3$.

Problem 3a

The cases of $\alpha = \alpha_1\alpha_2$ and $\alpha = \beta^*$ are similar.

Problem 3a

The cases of $\alpha = \alpha_1\alpha_2$ and $\alpha = \beta^*$ are similar.

We were careful and got $f(n) = n + 3$.

Problem 3a

The cases of $\alpha = \alpha_1\alpha_2$ and $\alpha = \beta^*$ are similar.

We were careful and got $f(n) = n + 3$.

FINE to use $f(n) = O(n)$ or similar.

Problem 3a

The cases of $\alpha = \alpha_1\alpha_2$ and $\alpha = \beta^*$ are similar.

We were careful and got $f(n) = n + 3$.

FINE to use $f(n) = O(n)$ or similar.

Notice that the CFG is in Chomsky NF even though we did not require that.

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$
has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

Problem 3b

$$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$$

has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

1) Input n

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$

has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

- 1) Input n
- 2) Create the DFA on n^2 states for L_n .

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$
has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

- 1) Input n
- 2) Create the DFA on n^2 states for L_n .
- 3) Use $R(i, j, k)$ to get a regex α for L_n of length $2^{O(n)}$.

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$
has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

- 1) Input n
- 2) Create the DFA on n^2 states for L_n .
- 3) Use $R(i, j, k)$ to get a regex α for L_n of length $2^{O(n)}$.
- 4) Use Part a to get a CFG for α of size $(2^{O(n)})^2 = 2^{O(n)}$.

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$
has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

- 1) Input n
 - 2) Create the DFA on n^2 states for L_n .
 - 3) Use $R(i, j, k)$ to get a regex α for L_n of length $2^{O(n)}$.
 - 4) Use Part a to get a CFG for α of size $(2^{O(n)})^2 = 2^{O(n)}$.
- So $f(n) = 2^{O(n)}$. Note also that the grammar will be in CNF.

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$
has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

- 1) Input n
 - 2) Create the DFA on n^2 states for L_n .
 - 3) Use $R(i, j, k)$ to get a regex α for L_n of length $2^{O(n)}$.
 - 4) Use Part a to get a CFG for α of size $(2^{O(n)})^2 = 2^{O(n)}$.
- So $f(n) = 2^{O(n)}$. Note also that the grammar will be in CNF.

Question Is there a CFG for L_n with $p(n)$ rules for some polynomial p ? Is there one in CNF?

Problem 3b

$L_n = \{w : \#_a(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n} \wedge \#_b(w) \equiv 0 \pmod{n}\}$
has a CFG with $O(g(n))$ rules.

- 1) Input n
 - 2) Create the DFA on n^2 states for L_n .
 - 3) Use $R(i, j, k)$ to get a regex α for L_n of length $2^{O(n)}$.
 - 4) Use Part a to get a CFG for α of size $(2^{O(n)})^2 = 2^{O(n)}$.
- So $f(n) = 2^{O(n)}$. Note also that the grammar will be in CNF.

Question Is there a CFG for L_n with $p(n)$ rules for some polynomial p ? Is there one in CNF?

On HW07 we show there is a way to go from a DFA to a CFG in CNF with linear blowup so YES, we can do better.