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CMSC436: Programming Handheld Systems

Data Management

Today's Topics

SharedPreferences

Internal Storage

External Storage

SQLite databases

Shared Preferences

Use when you want to store small amounts of primitive data

A persistent map that holds key-value pairs of simple data types

Automatically persisted across application sessions

SharedPreferences

This mechanism is expensive. Should be used for infrequently changing, loss-intolerant data

Typically used for long-term storage of customizable application data, such as:

- Account name
- Favorite WiFi networks
- User settings

Activity SharedPreferences

Get a SharedPreference Object associated with a given Activity

Activity.getPreferences (int mode)

MODE_PRIVATE is default mode

Named SharedPreferences

Get named SharedPreferences file

Single SharedPreference object for a given name

Context.getSharedPreferences (
String name, int mode)

name – name of SharedPreferences file

mode – e.g., MODE_PRIVATE (other modes deprecated)

Writing SharedPreferences

Call SharedPreferences.edit()

Returns a SharedPreferences.Editor instance

Writing SharedPreferences

Use SharedPreferences.Editor instance to add values to SharedPreferences

putInt(String key, int value)

putString(String key, String value)

remove(String key)

Writing SharedPreferences

Commit edited values with Editor.commit() or Editor.apply()

- commit() writes updates synchronously and returns a success result

- apply() writes updates asynchronously and has no return value

Reading SharedPreferences

Use SharedPreferences methods to read values
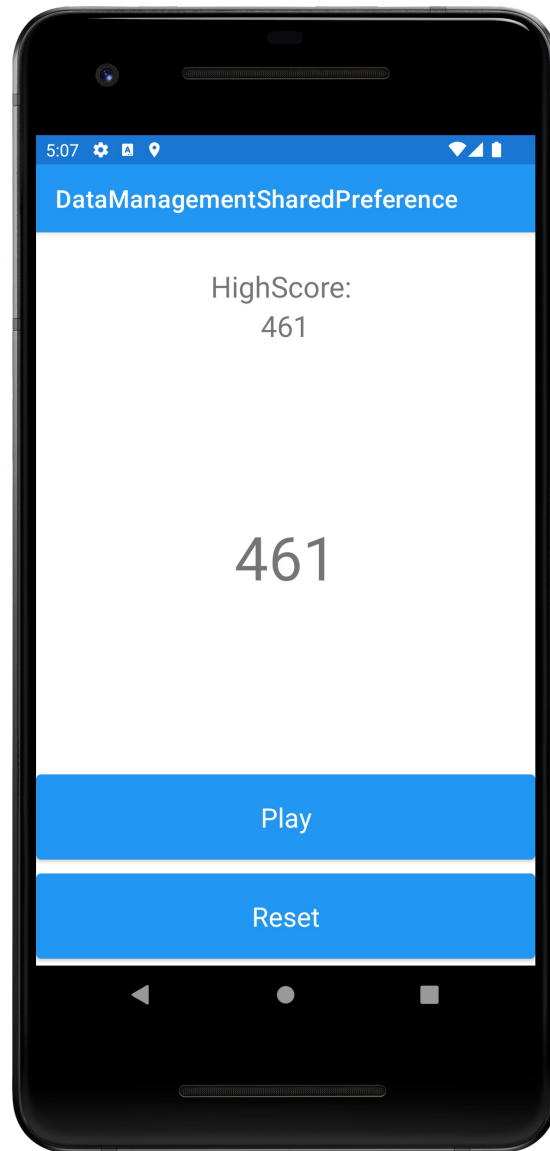
getAll()

getBoolean(String key, …)

getString(String key, …)

DataManagementSharedPreferences

When the user presses the play button, the application displays a random number

The application keeps track of the highest number seen so far
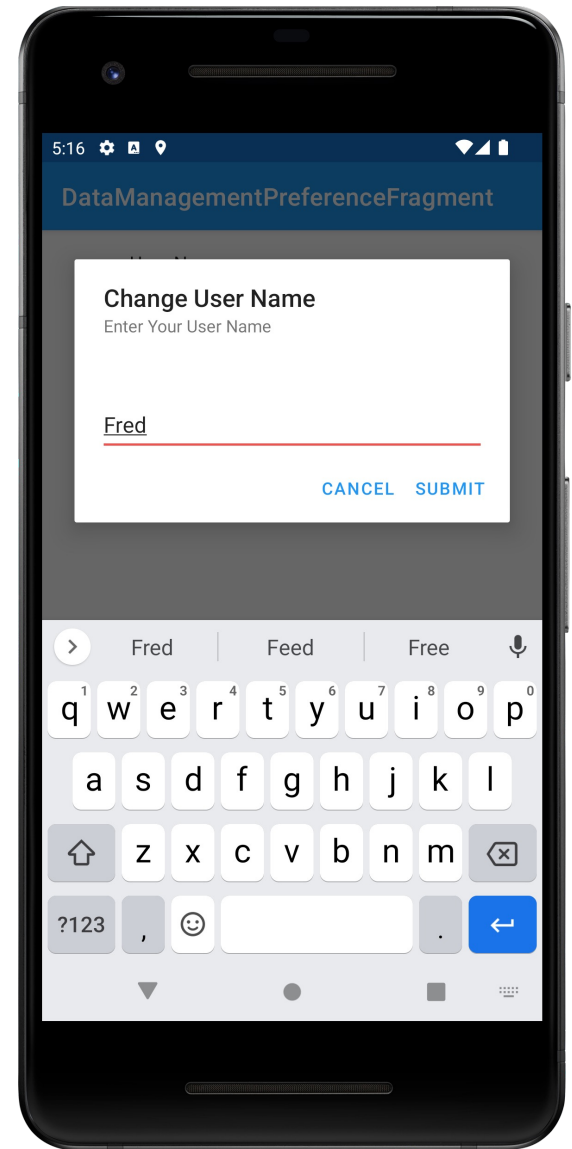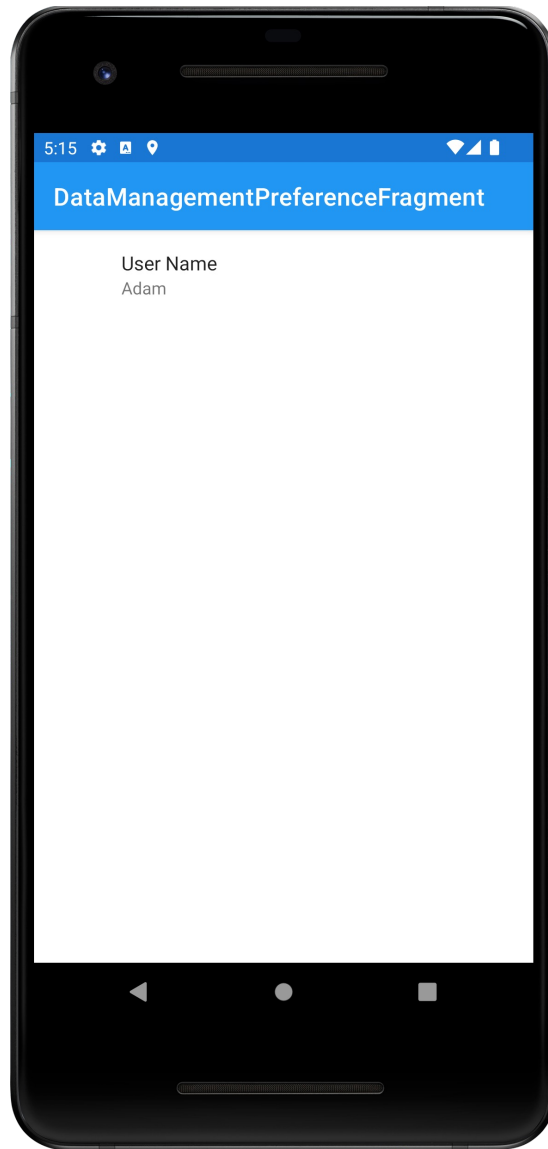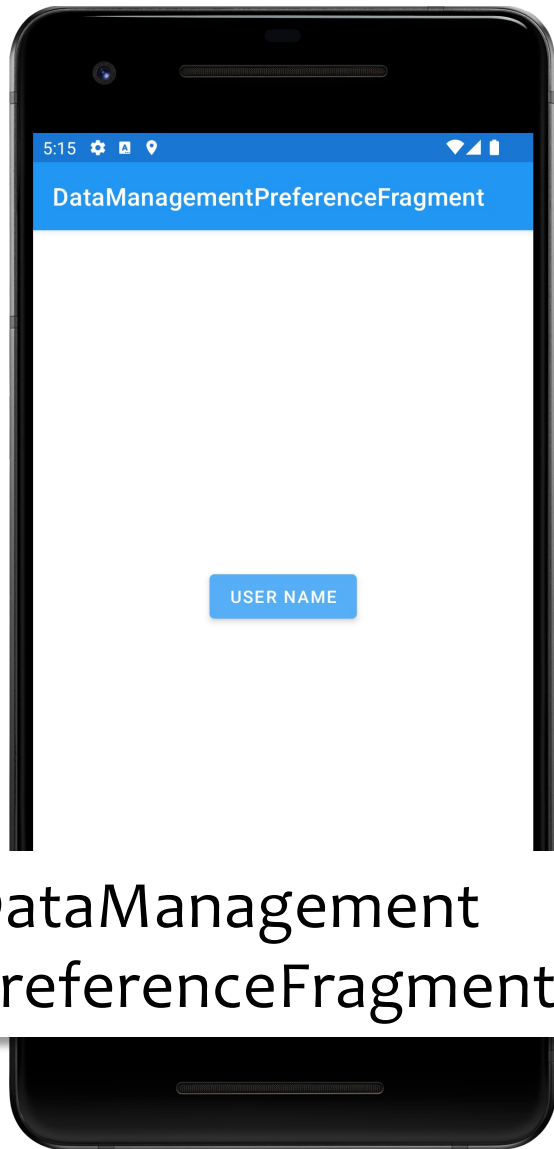
DataManagement
SharedPreferences

PreferenceFragment

A class that supports displaying & modifying user preferences

DataManagementPreferenceFragment

This application displays a PreferenceFragment, which allows the user to enter and change a persistent username

DataManagement
PreferenceFragment

Internal Storage

Use when you want to store small to medium amounts of private data

External Storage

Use when you want to store larger amounts of possibly non-private data

File

Class that represents a file system entity identified by a pathname

File

Storage areas are classified as internal or external

Internal memory usually used for smaller, application private data sets

External memory usually used for larger, non-private data sets

File API

FileOutputStream openFileOutput (String name, int mode)

Open private file for writing. Creates the file if it doesn't already exist

FileInputStream openFileInput (String name)

Open private file for reading

Many others. See documentation.

DataManagementFileInternalMemory

If a text file does not already exist, application writes text to that text file

Application then reads data from the text file and displays it

DataManagement
FileInternalMemory

DataManagementFileInternalMemory

Line 1: This is a test of the File Writing API
Line 2: This is a test of the File Writing API
Line 3: This is a test of the File Writing API

Using External Memory Files

Removable media may appear/disappear without warning

Using External Memory Files

String Environment.getExternalStorageState()

Returns

MEDIA_MOUNTED - present & mounted with read/write access

MEDIA_MOUNTED_READ_ONLY - present & mounted with read-only access

MEDIA_REMOVED - not present

DataManagementFileExternalMemory

If not done already, application reads an image file from its /res/raw directory

   Copies that file to external storage

Application then reads image data from the file in external storage and then displays the image

DataManagement
FileExternalMemory

Cache Files

Temporary files that may be deleted by the system when storage is low

These files are removed when application is uninstalled

Cache Files

File Context.getCacheDir()

Returns absolute path to an application-specific directory that can be used for temporary files

Saving cache files

Context.getExternalCacheDir()

returns a File representing external storage directory for cache files

Databases

Use when you want to store store small to large amounts of private, structured data

SQLite

SQLite provides in-memory database

Designed to operate within a very small footprint (e.g., <300kB)

Implements most of SQL92

Supports ACID transactions

Atomic, Consistent, Isolated & Durable

Using a Database

Recommended method relies on a helper class
called SQLiteOpenHelper

Using a Database

Create a subclass of SQLiteOpenHelper

Call super() from subclass constructor to initialize underlying database

Using a Database

Override onCreate()

Override onUpgrade()

Execute CREATE TABLE commands
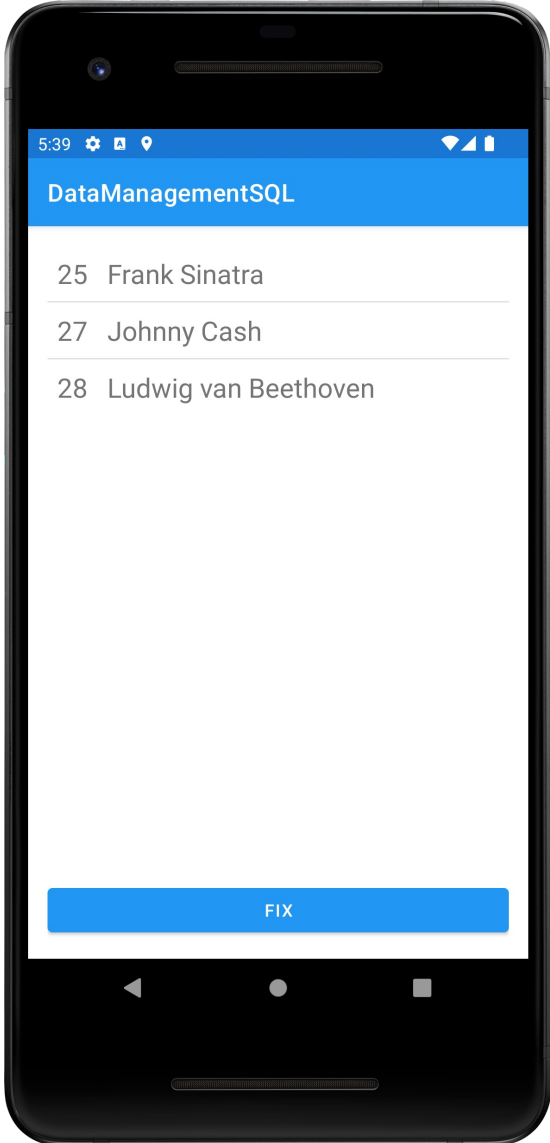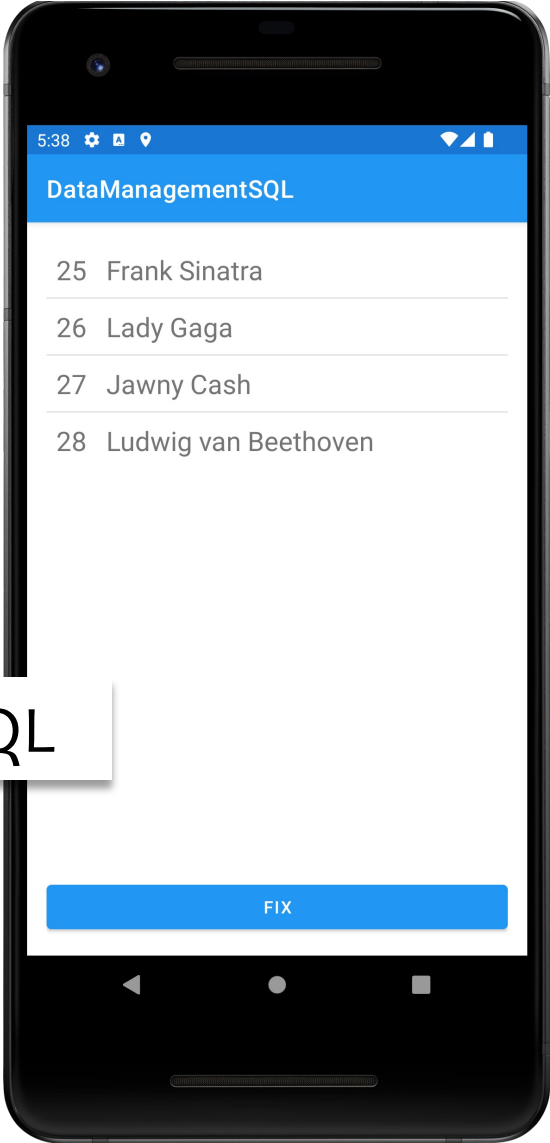
Using a Database

Use SQLiteOpenHelper methods to open & return underlying database

Execute operations on underlying database

DataManagementSQL

Application creates an SQLite database and inserts records, some with errors, into it

When user presses the Fix button, the application deletes, updates and redisplays the corrected database records

DataManagementSQL

Left phone (5:38):

DataManagementSQL

25	Frank Sinatra
26	Lady Gaga
27	Jawny Cash
28	Ludwig van Beethoven

FIX

Right phone (5:39):

DataManagementSQL

25	Frank Sinatra
27	Johnny Cash
28	Ludwig van Beethoven

FIX

Examining the Database Remotely

Databases stored in

/data/data/<package name>/databases/

Can view databases using Android Studio Database Inspector

View -> Tool Windows -> App Inspection

Next Time

The Fragment Class

Sample code

DataManagementSharedPreferences

DataManagementPreferenceFragment

DataManagementFileInternalMemory

DataManagementFileExternalMemory

DataManagementSQL