CMSC 132: OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING II

Simplified List Implementation

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Typical List Implementation

- Class List {
  Node head;
}

- Class Node {
  Object value;
  Node next;
}
void insertInFrontOf(int pos, Object value) {
    if (pos == 0) {
        Node newNode = new Node(value, head);
        head = newNode;
    } else {
        Node after = head;
        for (int i = 1; i < pos; i++) { after = after.next; }
        Node newNode = new Node(value, after.next);
        after.next = newNode;
    }
}
List Implementation Trick

• You must practice this technique if you expect to use it
• head is never null, even for an empty list
• head is set to first node when list is created
   • head is never changed
   • the value of the first node isn’t ever looked at
• Class List {
   // value of first Node isn’t part of list
   final Node head = new Node(null);
}
Insert in Front of i’th Element

```java
void insertInFrontOf(int pos, Object value) {
    Node after = head;
    for (int i = 0; i < pos; i++) {
        after = after.next;
    }
    Node newNode = new Node(value, after.next);
    after.next = newNode;
}
```
Warning

You may not use the dummy node approach for your linked list project. 😞